### **Massachusetts Water Resources Authority**

# Joint WAC and WSCAC meeting on PFAS

What do we know about PFAS in MWRA water, wastewater and biosolids?



"PFAS have been detected in almost every wildlife sample measured, ubiquitously in humans throughout the world, and in most environmental compartments, including pristine locations." – Coggan et al Heliyon 5 (2019) e02316



#### **DEP Reporting Detail**

- MDL typically ~3 SD above noise, MRL typically lowest standard level, expect 50% - 150% recovery
- Current ORSG is 70 ng/L (ppt) for sum of <u>PFOA</u>, <u>PFOS</u>, <u>PFHxS</u>, <u>PFHpA</u>, <u>PFNA</u>
- Proposed MCP is 20 ng/L for sum of above plus <u>PFDA</u>

CAS#	REGULATED AND UNREGULATED PFAS CONTAMINANTS	Labs must Ro Results µg/L	eport One of the	Following < 1/3MRL	ORSG* µg/L	MRL µg/L
1763-23-1	Perfluorooctane Sulfonic Acid (PFOS)	0.020		/-	0.070	0/004
335-67-1	Perfluorooctanoic Acid (PFOA)		$\boxtimes$		0.070	0.004
355-46-4	Perfluorohexane Sulfonic Acid (PFHxS)		_ /	$\boxtimes$	0.070	0.004
375-95-1	Perfluorononanoic Acid (PFNA)	0.030	9/		0.070	0.004
375-85-9	Perfluorohepatanoic Acid (PFHpA)	0.020	/		0.070	0.004
375-73-5	Perfluorobutane sulfonic acid (PFBS)			$\boxtimes$	- /	0.004
335-76-2	Perfluorodecanoic acid (PEPA)			$\boxtimes$	- /	0.004

< MRL (or < RL) is equivalent to a "J" value, but no estimated concentration is provided. The contaminant was detected but is not quantifiable. < 1/3 MRL is equivalent to Non-detect  $\mu$ g/L = micrograms per liter Always check the units shown in the report. In this case they are different than the Example in Table 2 above.



#### What do we know about PFAS in MWRA water?

- UCMR3 (2014 2016) 180 samples all ND
- 2019 voluntary sampling DEP Totals
  - Quabbin ~1 ng/L
  - Wachusett ~3 ng/L

Not detected	PFDA, PFDoA, PFTeDA, PFTrDA, PFUnA, NEtFOSAA, NMeFOSAA, 11CI-PF3OUdS, 9CI-PF3ONS, ADONA, HFPO-DA			
Quabbin	PFOA <sup>TD</sup> , PFOS <sup>U</sup> , PFHpA <sup>U</sup> , PFHxS <sup>U</sup> , PFNA <sup>U</sup> , PFHxA <sup>U</sup>			
Wachusett	PFOA <sup>TD</sup> , PFOS <sup>TD</sup> , PFHpA <sup>TD</sup> , PFHxS <sup>U</sup> , PFNA <sup>U</sup> , PFHxA <sup>U</sup> , PFBS <sup>U</sup>			
Detect > MRL	PFOA, PFHxA – <u>only at one</u> <u>community entry point</u>			
TD = Trace Detect (1/3 MRL < result < MRL)	U = Ultra-Trace Detect (MDL < result < 1/3 MRL)			



### Results as presented on MWRA.COM

PFAS Analyte	Metro Boston Result	CVA Result	
Perfluorohexanesulfonic acid (PFHxS)	trace - less than 2.27 ppt	Not detected	
Perfluoroheptanoic acid (PFHpA)	trace - less than 2.27 ppt	trace - less than 2.27 ppt	
Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA)	trace - less than 2.27 ppt	trace - less than 2.27 ppt	
Perfluorooctanesulfonic acid (PFOS)	trace - less than 2.27 ppt	trace - less than 2.27 ppt	
Perfluorononanoic acid (PFNA)	trace - less than 2.27 ppt	trace - less than 2.27 ppt	
Perfluorodecanoic acid (PFDA)	Not detected	Not detected	
Compare to possible standard of 20 ppt for the sum of these six compounds*	3 ppt	l ppt	
PFBS	trace - less than 2.27 ppt	trace - less than 2.27 ppt	
PFHxA	trace - less than 2.27 ppt	trace - less than 2.27 ppt	
NEtFOSAA	Not detected	Not detected	
NMeFOSAA	Not detected	Not detected	
PFDoA	Not detected	Not detected	
PFTeDA	Not detected	Not detected	
PFTrDA	Not detected	Not detected	
PFUnA	Not detected	Not detected	
11Cl-PF3OUdS	Not detected	Not detected	
9CI-PF3ONS	Not detected	Not detected	
Adona	Not detected	Not detected	
HFPO-DA	Not detected	Not detected	

<sup>\*</sup> MassDEP is considering a possible drinking water standard of 20 ppt for the sum of these six compounds. The sum reported here is based on proposed MassDEP approach for handling trace results detected below laboratory reporting levels.

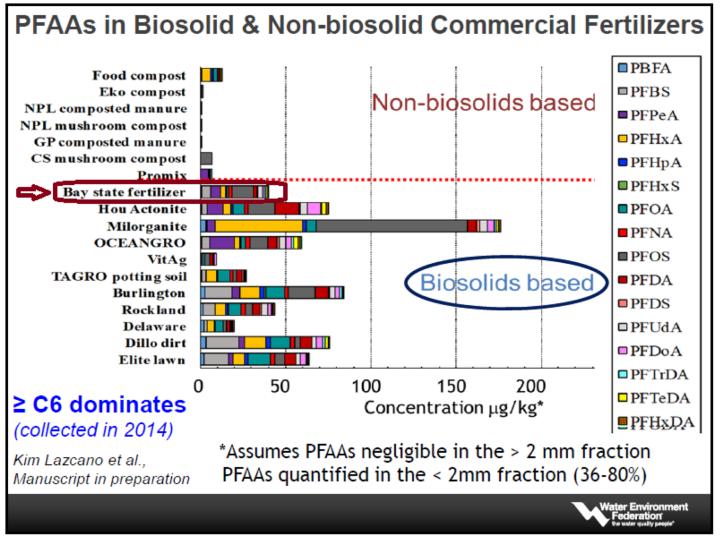


## What do we know about PFAS in MWRA biosolids?

Facility	Location	PFBS (ng/g)	PFOA (ng/g)	PFOS (ng/g)	PFOA + PFOS (ng/g)
Limestone	Limestone	2.3	5.4	120	125
Kennebec Sanitary Treatment District	Waterville	<2.9	5.6	77	83
Pat Jackson, Inc.	Belgrade	3	35	35	70
Bucksport	Bucksport	<0.723	9.95	57	67
Falmouth	Falmouth	0.833	15.1	27.4	43
South Portland South	Portland	<3.02	2.1	37.2	39
Madawaska Pollution Control	Madawaska	<0.485	12	23.5	36
Yarmouth WWTP	Yarmouth	<2.65	4.78	23.4	28
Village Green	Brunswick	<5.37	3.71	24	28
Synagro	North Andover, MA	<0.5	0.95	25.3	26
Portland Water District (Westbrook)	Westbrook	<0.682	1.24	22.9	24
Mechanic Falls Sanitary District	Mechanic Falls	<1.89	1.41	17.8	19
NEFCO	Quincy, MA	<0.893	1.16	17.3	18
McCain Foods USA, Inc.	Easton	<18	<18	9.4	18
Richmond Utility District	Richmond	<1.68	4.33	12	16
LAWPCA	Lewiston	<2.99	<1.5	13.8	15
Boothbay Harbor Sewer District	Boothbay Harbor	<2.83	<2.83	12.4	14
Portland Water District (East End)	Portland	<0.61	0.903	10.9	12
NEFCO	Quincy, MA	<0.57	0.65	11	12
Old Town Pollution Control	Old Town	<0.599	<0.599	9.84	10
Kennebunk Sewer District	Kennebunk	<1.98	<1.98	6.15	7
Brunswick Sewer District	Brunswick	<1.8	<1.8	6	7
Farmington WWTF	Farmington	<3.2	<3.2	4.7	6



### Older data - 2014 National Survey

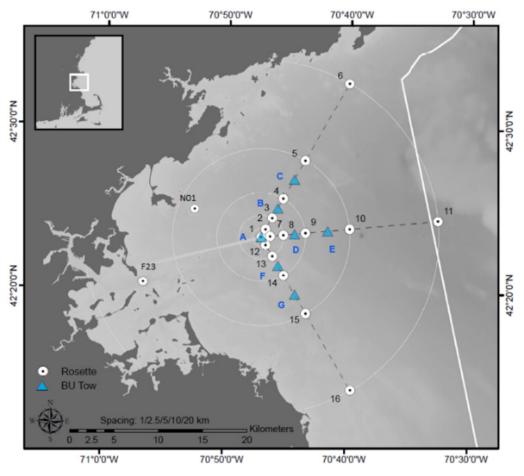


Lee (2018) "PFAS Levels in Composts and Biosolids Products" from WEF Webinar "PFAS, Wastewater, and Biosolids Management" – 8/1/2018.



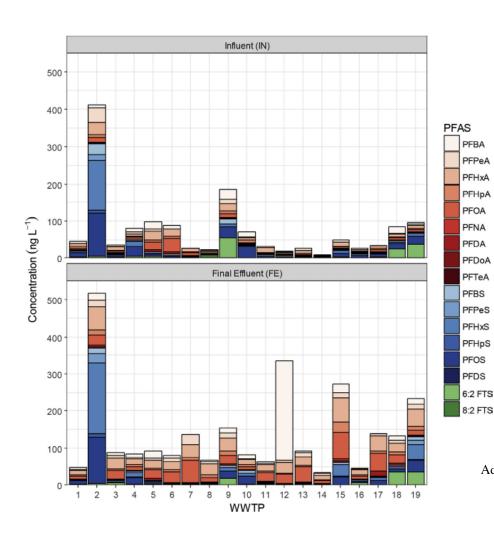
### What do we know about PFAS in MWRA wastewater?

- Five days of effluent samples submitted to URI with additional sampling in MassBay, results expected mid-November?
- We <u>DO</u> expect to see PFAS





### What do we expect to see?



- Average of 19 WWTP sludge 34 ng/g (range 2 -130)
- Average of 19 WWTP wastewater 110 ng/L (range 9 - 520)

PFBA

**PFHxA** 

**PFHpA** 

**PFOA** 

PFNA

PFDA PFDoA

PFBS PFPeS

**PFHxS** 

**PFHpS** 

**PFOS** 

**PFDS** 

8:2 FTS

Increases from influent to effluent are common

Adapted from Coggan et al Heliyon 5 (2019) e02316



### Where do they come from?

- Polymer applications include textile stain and soil repellents and grease-proof, food-contact paper
- Surfactant applications include processing aids for fluoropolymer manufacture, coatings, and aqueous film—forming foams (AFFFs) used to extinguish fires involving highly flammable liquids
- Numerous additional applications







### Commercial and Consumer Products containing PFAS

- paper and packaging
- clothing and carpets
- outdoor textiles and sporting equipment
- ski and snowboard waxes
- non-stick cookware
- cleaning agents and fabric softeners
- polishes and waxes, and latex paints
- pesticides and herbicides
- windshield wipers
- paints, varnishes, dyes, and inks
- adhesives
- medical products
- personal care products (for example, shampoo)



### How might PFAS get into MWRA wastewater?

- Cleaning products such as <u>carpet spot cleaners</u>, <u>alkaline cleaners</u>, <u>denture cleaners</u>, <u>shampoos</u>, floor polish, <u>dishwashing liquids</u>, <u>carwash products</u>, automobile waxes, windshield wiper fluid.
- PFAS are used as a surfactant, wetting agent, and mist suppressing agent for metal plating
- PFAS are used by the textile industry for their ability to repel oil, water, and stains. Jackets, shoes, umbrellas, carpets, upholstery, leather, tents and sails are treated.
- PFAS are used to produce greaseproof paper for plates, popcorn bags, pizza boxes, and wraps. Non-food contact applications include folding cartons, carbonless forms, and masking papers.
- PFAS are used in adhesives to assure a complete contact.
- PFAS can be used as an anti-mist film to prevent fogging of glass, metal, or plastic surfaces.

## References

- MA DEP <a href="https://www.mass.gov/info-details/per-and-polyfluoroalkyl-substances-pfas">https://www.mass.gov/info-details/per-and-polyfluoroalkyl-substances-pfas</a>
- EPA <a href="https://www.epa.gov/pfas">https://www.epa.gov/pfas</a>
- AWWA <a href="https://www.awwa.org/Resources-">https://www.awwa.org/Resources-</a>
   Tools/Resource-Topics/PFAS
- WRF <a href="https://www.waterrf.org/research/topics/and-polyfluoroalkyl-substances-pfas">https://www.waterrf.org/research/topics/and-polyfluoroalkyl-substances-pfas</a>
- CDC https://www.cdc.gov/biomonitoring/PFAS FactSheet.ht
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steve.rhode@mwra.com

617-660-7803