## Water Management Act and the Sustainable Water Management Initiative

February 11, 2014 WSCAC Meeting Southborough, MA

## **Presentation Outline**

- SWMI Timeline
- Summary of SWMI Science and Policy
- Pilots- what we learned
- Post-SWMI permit requirements- what's new
- Grants
- Maps/database and other resources
- Permit renewals- schedule and process

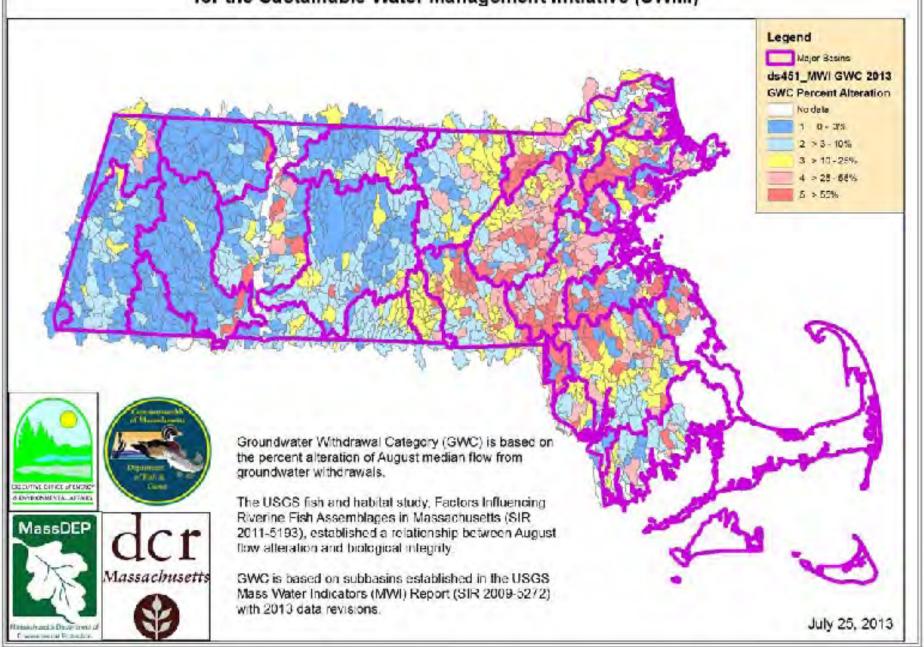
## **SWMI Timeline**

Timeframe	Accomplishment
2007 to 2011	USGS Studies
January 2010 to February 2012	SWMI Process: 15 Advisory Committee Meetings 18 Technical Committee Meetings Numerous Work Group Meetings
November 2012	SWMI Framework released
May 2012 to February 2013	SWMI Pilots
January to June 2013	SWMI Grants, round 1 completed
Ongoing	Deliberations with stakeholder representatives
December 5, 2013	Update for SWMI Advisory Committee
January 2014	SWMI Grants, Round 2 awarded
Ongoing since March 2013	Regulation and Guidance development

### Science and Policy Informing SWMI

- USGS Studies: August withdrawals and impervious cover have significant impact on fluvial fish
- Advisory and Technical Committees helped us develop policy from science
- Categories 1-5 (1=least impact, 5 = most impact)
  - Use fluvial fish as surrogate for healthy aquatic habitat
  - Biological Category (BC), includes impervious cover
  - Groundwater Withdrawal Category (GWC), compares withdrawals to simulated unimpacted August flow
  - Streamflow Criteria mark the boundaries between categories (310 CMR 36.14)

#### Groundwater Withdrawal Category (GWC) for the Sustainable Water Management Initiative (SWMI)



#### SWMI Pilots and what did we learn?

#### Road Tested the SWMI Framework (May – Dec. 2012)

- 1. Amherst (site specific study) 2. Danvers-Middleton
- 3. Dedham-Westwood 4. Shrewsbury (mock consult)

#### Need more guidance on:

- Minimization requirements
- Mitigation
  - Quantifying mitigation
  - Credits for past/on-going measures
  - Timing of mitigation
  - Evaluating cost and feasibility

#### Safe Yield and Environmental Protection

Major Basin Scale

#### WMA Safe Yield =

Potentially
Allocatable
Water

55% of Drought Basin Yield + Reservoir Storage

+

#### Safe Yield Drought Protection =

Remaining 45% of Drought Basin Yield Subbasin

S<sub>easonal</sub> Fl<sub>ow</sub>

**Streamflow Criteria** 

## **Permit Conditions Summary**

- <u>Standard Conditions</u> for all permitted groundwater and surface water withdrawals
- New: CFR Consult for withdrawals in subbasins with Coldwater Fishery Resources (CFRs)
- New: Minimization for groundwater withdrawals in ">25% August Net Groundwater Depleted" Subbasins
- New: Mitigation commensurate with impact, for requests above baseline, in consultation with agencies

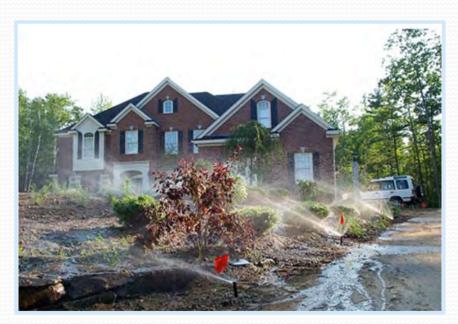
# WMA Standard Permit Conditions

#### **Conservation Requirements**

- 1. 65 residential gallons per capita day (RGPCD)
- 2. 10% unaccounted-for-water (UAW)
- 3. BMPs (leak detection & repair, metering etc.)
- 4. Seasonal limits on nonessential outdoor water use (New: low flow trigger, everyone goes to 1 day)

#### Nonessential Outdoor Water Use Restrictions

- Restrictions do not apply to essential use
- Alternative plan for Cape and Islands
- Choose:
  - Calendar- May 1-Sept
  - Streamflow- ABF
- 2 days max if above65 rgpcd
- New low flow trigger- 1 day for everyone





### Coldwater Fishery Resource (CFR) Consult



- DFW will screen subbasins for potential impacts to CFRs
- Basin Meeting serves as preliminary consult
- Goal- identify ways to reduce impacts through optimization

## Minimization

Minimization is required in subbasins defined as having an August net groundwater depletions of 25% or more using Mass Water Indicators (MWI)\* data.

August unaffected flow – Aug groundwater withdrawals + Aug groundwater returns

#### Minimization Components (to the extent feasible):

- Additional Conservation Measures
- Desktop Optimization
- Water Releases and Returns

\* MWI data is based on estimated and reported withdrawals and returns for the years 2000-2004

## Minimization- Additional Reasonable Conservation

- Adopt reasonable and cost-effective water conservation measures that go beyond the Standard Conditions
- Guidance provides 18 additional measures to choose from
- Outdoor use:
  - if above 65, 1 day
  - if below 65, 2 days
  - or propose equivalent action

## Minimization- Desktop Optimization

Compare and screen subbasins with groundwater sources

- 1. Is a Coldwater Fishery Resource present?
- 2. Change in category if pumping shifted?
- 3. How much water is available (considering withdrawals and returns)?
- 4. What is the GWC percentage? (withdrawals/ unaffected flow)
- 5. Other sensitive receptors?

Compare groundwater to surface water sources

6. Is there a surface water supply? With a release plan?

### Tier Determination for Mitigation

- 3 Permit Tiers define mitigation requirements
- "Impact" quantified as increase over baseline and if increase causes a category change (i.e. backsliding)

Tier 1: no increase above baseline
Tier 2: increase above baseline
but no change in BC or GWC

**Baseline** is based on the largest of either:

- 2003 2005 water use + 5%
- 2005 water use +5 %
- the community's registered volume
- •Volume must be in compliance

Tier 3: increase above baseline AND change in BC or GWC

- change in BC or GWC is evaluated for August unless withdrawals are greater during other periods
- Cumulative Assessment

## Mitigation- Plans

Retroactive mitigation credits for activities completed and still in effect

#### **Action hierarchy**

- 1st: Demand Management to keep volumes below baseline
- 2nd: Direct/quantifiable mitigation
- 3rd: Indirect/non-quantifiable mitigation

#### Location hierarchy (where a choice exists)

- 1st: same subbasin as withdrawals (considering water quality)
- 2nd: same major basin as withdrawals
- 3rd: different major basin

#### Mitigation Plan Timelines

- Mitigation Plan must be submitted at start of permit period
- Timeline may phase implementation of mitigation
- Any volumes withdrawn over Baseline must be mitigated prior to when those volumes are withdrawn
- DEP will make reasonable allowances if withdrawals are already over baseline

### **Direct Mitigation**

Can be volumetrically calculated

#### Eligible Activities:

- Infiltration and Inflow Improvements
- Stormwater Recharge (directly connected impervious area redevelop to recharge)
- 3. Surface Water Releases





## Indirect Mitigation Activities

#### **Qualitative Credit System**

- Remove dam/flow barrier
- Culvert replacements meeting crossing standards
- Stream bank/channel/buffer restoration
- Install & maintain fish ladder
- Acquire property in Zone I or II, or for other resource protection
- Stormwater bylaw with recharge requirements

- Stormwater utility \*
- Implement MS<sub>4</sub> <sup>4\*</sup>
- Infiltration/Inflow removal program
- Private Well Bylaw

\*must result in increase recharge to get credit

## **SWMI** Assistance: Grants

- Money (state capital fund) available for 5 years (2012-2016).
- Designed to assist WMA permit holders with proposed SWMI minimization and mitigation requirements.
- Particular consideration was given to projects in highly impacted basins or subbasins, or areas with coldwater fish resources.
- 2012 Requirements:
  - Applicants must have a valid WMA permit
  - 20% financial match for implementation projects

## **Grant Summary Results**

- MassDEP received 27 proposals for FFY12 requesting \$2.62 million dollars.
- 10 projects were funded, worth a total of \$858,250.
- MassDEP received 26 proposals for FFY13 requesting \$2.3 million dollars.
- 17 projects were recently funded, worth a total of \$1.08 million dollars

## **SWMI Grant Projects**

Projects funded include: Fishway improvements; Optimization and recharge analyses; Developing supply management protocols; Feasibility cost/benefit analysis of minimization, mitigation, and offsets; Dam removal feasibility; Water reuse; Stormwater, wastewater/recharge analysis; Water Audits\_\_\_\_\_\_



Stormwater Recharge



Dam Removal Feasibility

## **Grant Lessons Learned**

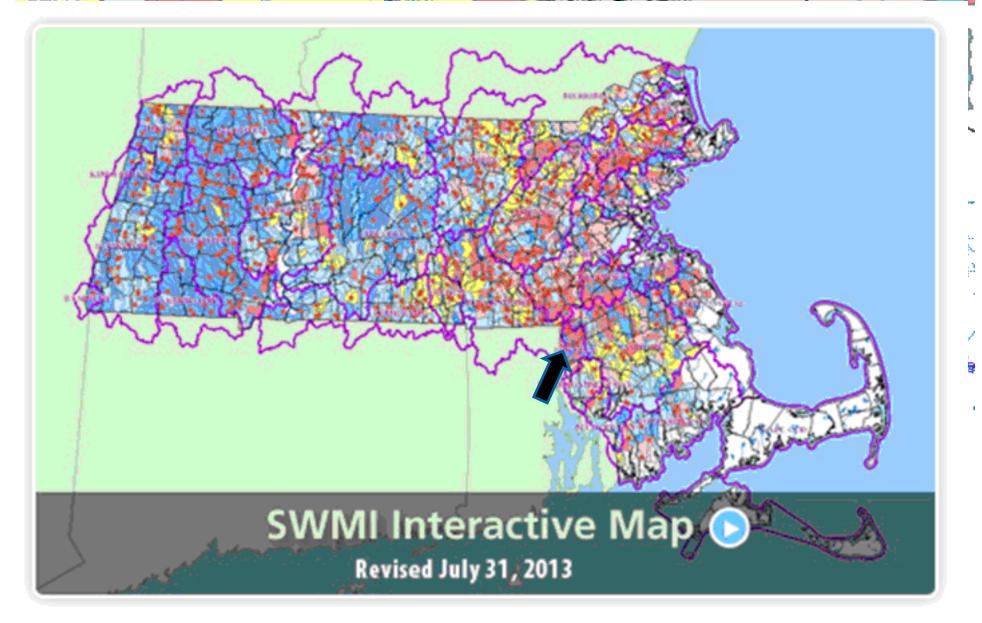
- Permittees are anticipating and planning for increased future water needs.
- Mitigation and minimization options are available to most if not all Permittees.
- Permittees will need considerable lead time to plan for and implement mitigation and minimization options.
- Significant water savings are available thru demand management practices.

## Mitigation Cost Feasibility

- Designed for applicants who are concerned that their mitigation plan is cost prohibitive.
- Applicant may submit a 20-year budget along with their mitigation plan.
  - estimated operating costs
  - estimated capital improvement costs
- MassDEP will review the mitigation plan and budget with the applicant.
- Cost feasibility assessments will be based on impacts to rates, both year over year and over the 20-year permit period.

## DEP Permitting Tool

Find by PWSID:	Find by PWS Sys		<b>.</b>	Click to use p downs and to \ All Subbasin	View Poin	ll Water Use ts in Subbasin Report	Calculation Tool Report
Click on "X" in upper right of this form to close this window and return to main pa  Subbasin Characteristics  Double Click on Sub Basin ID to view USGS Water Volumes Use Fo							
Sub Basin ID: Major Basin: HUC12  22019 South Coastal India			Name: an Head River-Indiar	n Head Bro	ok to mo	uth	
Subbasin Cumulative Data (incl		l upstream				NILLIEN TO THE TOTAL THE TOTAL TO THE TOTAL TOTAL TO THE	
Subbasin Information	August Wastewater Discharges (mgd)		August Groundwater Withdrawals (mgd)			xisting GWC and	olume to Cause a I BC:
Area (Square Miles): 14.95 Impervious Cover (%): 12.3 Surface water withdrawals exist in or YES upstream of subbasin:	Ground Water Discharge: Septic Systems: Surface Water (NPDES):	0.000 0.602 0.000	PWS and Commercial Wells: Private Wells: Total Groundwater Withdrawals:	1.264 + 0.049 = 1.313	To Change To Change	(3-)	.421
			Net Groundwater Depletion		22.6		
Unaffected streamflow, Ground Water withdrawals, Groundwater Withdrawal Category (GWC) and Biologic Category (BC).							
Estimated August Condition		Propose	ed Changes to existing GW	Withdrawal		Existing vs. Pr	oposed
Unaffected Streamflow (mgd)*  GW Withdrawals (mgd)**  - 1.313  Proposed			(+/-) to existing GW Withdrawal (mgd) ed Streamflow(mgd) d Total GW Withdrawal (mgd) ted Streamflow) - (Prop. GW Withdrawal)		3.151 - 1.313 = 1.839	Calculate	Clear
(GW Withdrawals) / (Unaffected Streamflow) = 41.7% (Proposed Groundwater Withdrawal Category (1-5) GWC: 4 Proposed			ed GW Withdrawal) / (Unaffecte	ed Streamflow)	= 41.7%	0.0% Pe	rcent Difference





## Permit Renewal Process

Months before permit expires	Activity
20 months	Start Basin Planning Process •Draft water needs forecasts developed, •consultations upon request
16 months	Basin Outreach Meeting
12 months	Permit Filing Deadline •Public Comment Period •consultations as necessary
9 months	Orders to Complete Issued by DEP
6 months	Response to Orders to Complete Due
3 months	Draft Permit Issued for Comment

## What's Next?

- Formal Public Hearings and Comment February March
- Outreach on Proposed Regulations Ongoing
- Final Regulations Promulgated Summer 2014
- Additional USGS Studies
  - Surface Water
  - Groundwater recharge areas
  - Impervious Cover
- Resume Permitting

## River Basin Permitting Dates

1 Year Interim
Permits expected to be issued.

## Basins previously permitted to be adjusted at next 5-Year Review

Water Source	Projected 5- Year Review Issuance
Hudson	November 2015
Blackstone	February 2017
Charles	February 2017
North Coastal	February 2016

Water Source	Expiration Date	Outreach Meeting
Cape Cod *	November 2014	January 2015
Ipswich *	Early 2015	March 2015
Boston Harbor * /Taunton *	February 2015	April 2015
Islands *	February 2015	May 2015
Buzzards Bays	May 2015	February 2015
Concord	August 2015	May 2015
South Coastal *	August 2015	October 2014
Ten Mile	November 2015	August 2014
Deerfield	February 2016	November 2014
Housatonic	May 2016	February 2015
Westfield	November 2016	August 2015
Millers	February 2017	November 2015
Chicopee	May 2017	February 2016
Quinebaug	August 2017	May 2016
Connecticut	November 2017	August 2016
Nashua	February 2018	November 2016
French	May 2018	February 2017
Shawsheen	August 2018	May 2017
Merrimack	November 2018	August 2017
Parker	February 2019	November 2017
Narragansett	May 2019	February 2018

<sup>\*</sup> Basins with Permits on File

#### **Further information**

- Massachusetts Sustainable Water Management Initiative (SWMI), Framework Summary, dated November 28, 2012 at: http://www.mass.gov/eea/docs/eea/water/swmi-framework-nov-2012.pdf
- MassDEP webpage at: http://www.mass.gov/dep/water/resources/swmi.htm
- Duane LeVangie
   MassDEP
   Water Management Program Manager
   One Winter Street
   Boston, MA 02108
   duane.levangie@state.ma.us
   617 292-5706